

## I. Departments with farm cases since July 2022

**12** departments had at least one outbreak: Ain, Ille-et-Vilaine, Indre et Loire, Loire-Atlantique, Maine-et-Loire, Manche, Meuse, Morbihan, Sarthe, Seine-Maritime, Somme, Vendée

2 out of 12 departments recovered their free status : MANCHE (50) : Sept 2, AIN (01) : Oct 4

10 infected DEPARTEMENTS	Number of outbreaks	Last outbreak	Potential free status recovery
ILLE-ET-VILAINE (35)	3	14/9	14/10
INDRE-ET-LOIRE (37)	1	16/9	16/10
LOIRE-ATLANTIQUE (44)	1	21/9	21/10
MAINE-ET-LOIRE (49)	3	27/9	27/10
MEUSE	1	8/9	8/10
MORBIHAN (56)	3	4/10	4/11
SARTHE (72)	1	23/9	23/10
SEINE-MARITIME (76)	1	21/9	21/10
SOMME (80)	2	14/9	14/10
VENDEE (85)	1	6/10	6/11

4/10: confirmation of a 3<sup>rd</sup> outbreak in Morbihan (56) in a farm with 7,400 fattening turkeys in St Martin sur Oust

6/10: confirmation of a 1<sup>st</sup> outbreak in Vendée (85) in a farm with 14,200 fattening turkeys in St Martin des Noyers

### Sanitary measures, zoning

As for all outbreaks, as soon as the suspicion was raised, sanitary management measures were triggered within the EU regulatory implemented zoning (3 km Protection Zone "ZP" and 10 km Surveillance Zone "ZS" around the farm): culling of poultry on affected farms (either as a preventive measure or at the latest the day after NRL confirmation), reinforcement of biosecurity measures, census of farms and ban on poultry movements.

## Management of past cases / winter 2021 - spring 2022

Restricted zones had been maintained for preventive purposes only (increased crawl space time in particular) in the following 5 departments: Deux-Sèvres (79), Dordogne (24), Loire-Atlantique (44), Maine-et-Loire (49), and Vendée (85). They were lifted during September. Unfortunately, three of the five departments (Maine-et-Loire, Loire-Atlantique and Vendée, see point I) had to notify an outbreak again and therefore lost their status.

**Only Deux-Sèvres and Dordogne are currently free.**

### III. Free status recovery

Departments from 2021-2022 episode that have recovered their free status:

DEPARTMENT	Date of free status recovery
AVEYRON (12)	20/06/2022
CANTAL (15)	08/06/2022
CHARENTE (16)	20/06/2022
CORREZE (19)	12/07/2022
DEUX SEVRES (79)	12/09/2022
DORDOGNE (24)	09/09/2022
FINISTERE (29)	11/06/2022
GERES (32)	26/05/2022
HAUTES-PYRENEES (65)	29/04/2022
HAUTE-VIENNE (87)	26/07/2022
LANDES (40)	13/05/2022
LOT (46)	22/07/2022
LOT-ET-GARONNE (47)	18/07/2022
MAYENNE (53)	30/03/2022
NORD (59)	03/05/2022
PYRENEES-ATLANTIQUES (64)	29/04/2022
<del>VENDEE (85)</del>	<del>13/09/2022</del> outbreak notified 6/10

#### IV. Wild birds

Since mid-May, grouped mortalities of sea birds have been observed first in the coastal departments of Hauts-de-France (Nord, Pas-de-Calais, Somme) mainly in gulls (gulls, gulls and terns ), then these mortalities appeared during June on the Normandy coasts (Seine-Maritime, Calvados, Manche) to be observed in July on the Brittany coast and now on the Atlantic coast. Cases are also observed in protected marine species such as Gannets in Brittany, and in other species of Ardeidae and Anatidae, including mallard ducks and geese. These mortalities are monitored as part of the SAGIR network (national system for monitoring the health of wildlife) which carries out analyses.